**Article** 3



## Images in clinical medicine



# Massive cardiomegaly secondary to rheumatic heart disease



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## Massive cardiomegaly secondary to rheumatic heart disease

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### Image in medicine

A 54-year-old female patient presented to the respiratory physician with chief complaints of dyspnea on exertion, dysphagia, and chest pain. The patient's past medical history revealed a diagnosis of rheumatic heart disease, which was initially diagnosed 8 years back and a recent echocardiography report was suggestive of severe mitral stenosis with a left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) of 28%. An esophagoscopy was done given dysphagia which revealed no obvious abnormalities of the esophageal mucosa. A chest X-ray postero-anterior (PA) view was done which revealed the presence of a massive cardiomegaly with a cardiothoracic ratio of 0.80 (normal cardiothoracic ratio <0.50). A cardiologist's opinion was

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taken and the patient was started on angiotensinconverting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors, oral furosemide (diuretic), and carvedilol (betablockers), along with regular follow-up. The patient was discharged with the same advice after 5 days of admission. Gross cardiomegaly is a rare complication of rheumatic heart disease, usually seen in patients with severe mitral stenosis, and occurs as a result of altered cardio-pulmonary hemodynamics arising as a result of valvular pathology. Such patients usually present with complaints of dyspnea and dysphagia arising as a result of the considerable enlargement of the cardiac dimensions. This clinical image aims to highlight this striking presentation of gross cardiomegaly that is seen to occupy more than 75% of the hemithorax in horizontal dimensions.



**Figure 1:** chest X-ray postero-anterior (PA) view demonstrating gross cardiomegaly in a patient with rheumatic heart disease