

<b>Annex 1: COVID-19 knowledge questions (In English and Kinyarwanda) that were used in this paper</b>		
<b>Variable</b>	<b>Correct</b>	<b>Incorrect</b>
No vaccine or treatment/ <i>Ntamuti cyangwa urukingo kubantu bamaze kwandura COVID_19</i>	250 (85.6%)	42 (14.4%)
Everyone with COVID_19 becomes severely sick at some point*/ <i>Umurwayi wew uyirwaye azarembe mugihe runaka</i>	93 (31.9%)	199 (68.2%)
Elderly people are at high risk of getting severely ill* / <i>Abantu bakuse bafite ibyago byinshi byo kuremba</i>	281 (96.2%)	11 ( 3.8%)
Those who have other chronic conditions are more likely to become severely ill*/ <i>Abafite izindi ndwara zidakira bafite ibyago byinshi byo kuremba</i>	278 (95.2%)	14 ( 4.8%)
It is possible to have COVID_19 without showing any symptom/ <i>Ushobora kuyirwara ariko ntugaragaze ibimenyetso</i>	207 (70.9%)	85 (29.1%)
Children under age 12 are at low risk of getting severely ill/ <i>Abana bari muni y'imyaka 12 bafite ibyago bicye byo kuremba mugihe barwaye COVID_19</i>	140 (48.0%)	152 (52.1%)
COVID_19 is spread by drinking unfiltered water*/ <i>Umuntu yarwara COVID_19 kubera kunywa amzi adasukuye</i>	241 (82.5%)	51 (17.5%)
COVID_19 virus is spread through blood/ <i>Virus ya COVID_19 yandurira mu maraso</i>	250 (85.6%)	42 (14.4%)
COVID_19 virus is spread though respiratory droplets*/ <i>Virus ya COVID_19 yandurira mudutonyaga two mu myanya y'ubuumekeko</i>	286 (98.0%)	6 (2.1%)
It is possible to give the virus to someone else even if you don't show any symptoms*/ <i>Ushobora kwanduza abandi virus ya COVID_19 n'igihe utagaragaza ibimenyetso</i>	266 (91.1%)	26 (8.9%)
Black people have lower risks of getting COVID_19/ <i>Abirabura bafite ibyago bicye byo kwandura COVID_19</i>	194 (66.4%)	98 (33.6%)
You can get COVID_19 by touching infected surfaces/ <i>Ushobora kuyandura biturutse k'ugukora ahantu/kubintu byagiyeho virus ya COVID_19</i>	287 (98.3%)	5 (1.7%)
*Reflects a false statement		