

Images in clinical medicine



Post-COVID-19 related bleeding at unusual sites: add paravertebral hematomas to the list

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Received: 02 Jul 2023 - Accepted: 09 Jul 2023 - Published: 13 Jul 2023

Keywords: Paravertebral hematomas, post-COVID-19 bleedings, soft tissue hematoma

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Cite this article: Nikolaos Sabanis et al. Post-COVID-19 related bleeding at unusual sites: add paravertebral hematomas to the list. Pan African Medical Journal. 2023;45(122). 10.11604/pamj.2023.45.122.40947

Available online at: https://www.panafrican-med-journal.com//content/article/45/122/full

Post-COVID-19 related bleeding at unusual sites: add paravertebral hematomas to the list

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Image in medicine

A 76-year-old man with a history of end-stage renal disease on hemodialysis and heparininduced thrombocytopenia was affected by COVID-19 moderate pneumonia. He supported with low-flow nasal cannula oxygen and received therapy with dexamethasone, ceftriaxone, remdesivir, clopidogrel fondaparinux at prophylactic dose. During hospitalization, he experienced a new-onset of atrial fibrillation and the initial prophylactic dose of fondaparinux switched to therapeutic one. Thereafter, remained uneventful discharged home. After 14 days, the patient

Article 3



complained of progressively worsening back pain accompanied by clinical signs of hemorrhagic shock and an extended ecchymosis on the right paravertebral region. Laboratory tests revealed severe anemia with no evidence hypofibrinogenemia, of thrombocytopenia, intravascular coagulopathy disseminated anti-Xa prolonged activity. Chest and abdominopelvic computed tomography showed multiple bilateral hematomas located in the erector spinae muscles, with no evidence of active bleeding. Conservative treatment was efficient and gradual absorption of hematomas was observed. Non-traumatic soft tissue hematomas at unusual sites have been described in limited cases of COVID-19 affected patients with multiple underlying comorbidities, early in the course of the disease and predominantly in association with critical illness and systemic anticoagulation use. Therefore, this is a unique case of delayed onset of multiple paravertebral hematomas in association with treatment with fondaparinux, in a post-COVID-19 hemodialysis patient.

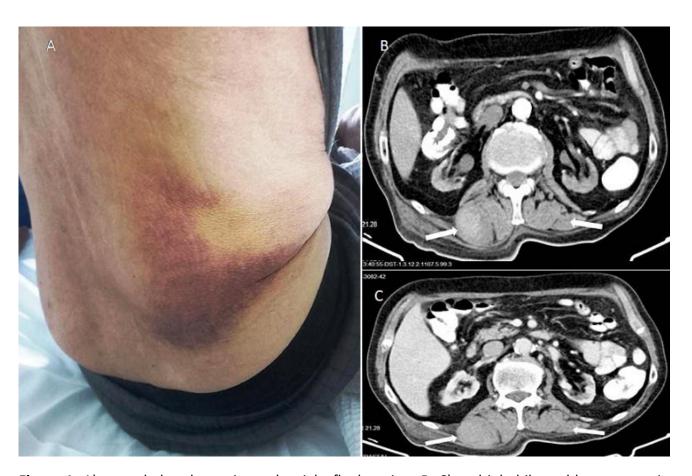


Figure 1: A) extended ecchymosis on the right flank region; B, C) multiple bilateral hematomas in the erector spinae muscles