

Images in clinical medicine

Basal cell carcinoma- a rare clinical image

Saritha Aadhi, Rakesh Krishna Kovala

Corresponding author: Rakesh Krishna Kovala, Department of Neuro Physiotherapy, Ravi Nair Physiotherapy College, Datta Meghe Institute of Medical Sciences, Sawangi, Meghe, Wardha, Maharashtra, India. rakeshkrishna.pt@gmail.com

Received: 16 Jun 2021 - **Accepted:** 04 Nov 2021 - **Published:** 09 Nov 2021

Keywords: Basal cell carcinoma, hyperpigmented plaque, cancer

Copyright: Saritha Aadhi et al. Pan African Medical Journal (ISSN: 1937-8688). This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution International 4.0 License (<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

Cite this article: Saritha Aadhi et al. Basal cell carcinoma- a rare clinical image. Pan African Medical Journal. 2021;40(145). 10.11604/pamj.2021.40.145.30376

Available online at: <https://www.panafrican-med-journal.com//content/article/40/145/full>

Basal cell carcinoma- a rare clinical image

Saritha Aadhi¹, Rakesh Krishna Kovala^{2,&}

¹Sansa Gastro Liver and Skin Hospital, Patel Marg Bhuktapur Adilabad, Telangana, India, ²Department of Neuro Physiotherapy, Ravi Nair Physiotherapy College, Datta Meghe Institute of Medical Sciences, Sawangi, Meghe, Wardha, Maharashtra, India

&Corresponding author

Rakesh Krishna Kovala, Department of Neuro Physiotherapy, Ravi Nair Physiotherapy College, Datta Meghe Institute of Medical Sciences, Sawangi, Meghe, Wardha, Maharashtra, India

Image in medicine

We are presenting a case of a 50-year-old female, a farmer by profession and often exposed to sunlight. She came with complaints of lesions on her face along with pain over the lesions for the past year, which was left unmanaged since then. No one in their family has similar complaints as per her knowledge. On thorough inspection of lesions, there was neither sensory loss nor oozing of any fluid. On evaluation, there were lesions over the nose and medial aspects of eyes looked like a hemorrhagic crusted plaque with hyperpigmented border initially started as hyperpigmented papules which progressed to present size gradually in one year. Skin biopsy was sent for histopathological examination which confirmed it as basal cell

carcinoma, on the confirmation the patient was referred to the oncology department for further management.



Figure 1: basal cell carcinoma